

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 31.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1901.

NUMBER 6.

SCHOOL SUITS, SCHOOL SHOES, FOR BOYS.

We have the largest assortment.

We have the best wearing Shoes.

We have the best fitting Shoes.

We have Clothing that you will buy if you see it.

Boys' Suits at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

Boys' Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.65, 1.75 and \$2.00. Every pair solid throughout and guaranteed to give good satisfaction.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

GRAND OPENING

—OF—

Fall and Winter Trimmed Hats.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

September 26th and 27th.

We invite the ladies generally to attend this opening and inspect the handsomest line of Millinery ever brought into Chelsea.

Fancy Feathers, Plumes,

Velvets, Silk Veilings,

in great profusion and at prices to suit all. Come in and make an early selection from this fine stock.

MILLER SISTERS.



Eyes Tested
in the most careful manner
SPECTACLES
and
EYE GLASSES
of all kinds and at all prices.

And everything else in the watch, clock and jewelry line can be bought at lowest prices of

F. KANTLEHNER.

MEN'S SHOES

One Pair, - - - - - 60 cents
For the cheapest.

One Pair, - - - - - \$3.00
For the best.

A clean, up-to-date stock to select from. Save money by buying your Shoes from

FARRELL.

We have no old truck to get rid of.

WE HAVE
EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS FOR

Fall and Winter Garments.

WE KEEP NOTHING ELSE.

Yours for Good Tailoring,

J. GEO. WEBSTER,

Merchant Tailor.

THE PEAT INDUSTRY.

Two Chelsea Men Visit the Peat Factories of Canada and Are Satisfied There is Money in Peat.

Last week John A. Palmer and Hiram Lighthall in company with F. T. Barcroft and E. G. Palmer, of Detroit, paid a visit to the peat factories located at Beaverton and Kirkfield, Ontario, to get a little practical insight into the manufacture of the article about which there has been so much talk in Chelsea for the past few weeks, also to investigate its profitability as an investment. Both Mr. Palmer and Mr. Lighthall were thoroughly satisfied that there is money to be made in the compressed peat industry, but both gentlemen were equally satisfied that the manufactured article can be produced cheaper than it is being produced either at the Beaverton or Kirkfield factories.

Their first visit was to Beaverton. The peat factory, owned by A. Dobson, who is the big man of the little village, is located about 1 1/2 miles south of Beaverton. There is a bog field of 100 acres, of which Mr. Dobson owns 40 acres. The average depth of the peat is 2 1/2 feet, and the field is thoroughly drained. In getting out the peat, the surface of the bog is stripped and the peat is dug up by a digger machine which is driven by an electric motor and cuts up a strip the depth of the peat bed, gathers it up, breaks it and distributes it loosely 4 inches thick over a space 4 or 5 feet wide. It is left in the sun to dry for 4 or 5 days, in which time the moisture is reduced 40 per cent. It is then conveyed to the storage sheds or dump bin. From the dump bin it goes to the grinder and from the grinder to the dry kiln, where it remains 18 minutes. When taken from the dry kiln it contains just enough moisture to develop the tarry properties which make it adhere together when it is compressed. The compressing is done by a press which exerts a 30 tons pressure on two vertical plungers which make blocks of compressed peat 2 1/2 inches thick and 2 1/2 inches in diameter. The lumps when ejected from the machine are delivered direct into wagons. The factory building is of brick 80x100 feet in size. The cost of production is \$1.25 per ton, and it sells for \$3 per ton at the factory or \$3.25 per ton at the storage sheds in Beaverton. The amount produced is 1 1/2 tons per hour. The amount of capital invested is \$8,000. The factory runs 10 hours per day.

The other factory visited at Kirkfield, is located 22 miles from Beaverton, on the Trent Valley Canal. The peat bog is entirely covered with water, is of great extent, and from 15 to 65 feet deep. The company controls 60,000 acres of land, a grant from the government. The peat is dredged up and dumped into scows. The scows are emptied by a 3-ton clam which works on an overhead cable and deposits the wet peat on the far side of the heap where it is partially dried. On its return journey the clam brings a load of the partially dried peat and deposits it in a separator, where it is cleaned of roots and stems. From there it goes to the hydraulic presses which have a pressure of 3,000 pounds per square inch and squeeze 45 per cent of the moisture out. From there it goes to the dry kiln where the moisture is still further reduced to 10 per cent in 15 minutes. The grinder next receives the peat and from there it goes to the four presses which compress it into 6 ounce lumps. It is put into bags for convenience in shipping by wagon to the railroad depot 3 1/2 miles away. The factory has its own electric light plant and fire protection. The fuel used is gas, generated direct from peat and costing 3 to 4 cents per 1,000 cubic feet. The director of the plant said of it, "We would not exchange this bog for a gold mine." Gas at such small cost as this offers great possibilities. At this factory fine powdered peat is sold at \$5 per ton. It is used for annealing purposes. Both the gas and powdered peat are by-products and entirely outside the manufacture of peat for fuel purposes. The present capacity of the plant is 8,500 tons a year. It will shortly be increased to 60,000 or 70,000 tons. The cost of manufacture is 75 cents a ton. It is sold on the cars at \$3.50 a ton. The cost of the plant has been \$100,000, 40 per cent of which is chargeable to original investigations in by-products.

From these facts it is easy to see that if peat can be manufactured under the conditions that exist at Beaverton and Kirkfield for such low prices and make money, it certainly can be manufactured at a greater profit under the favorable conditions that exist in Chelsea.

A "STARRY" CONSTELLATION

Dropped Down on Manchester Last Friday Evening for a Few Hours.

About 50 of the officers and members of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S., drove to Manchester last Friday afternoon to pay a visit to the chapter in that place and assist in conferring the degrees of the order upon two candidates. Immediately upon arrival they were escorted to the beautiful and spacious home of the Manchester chapter.

At 6 o'clock an elegant supper was served, to which the Chelsea Stars, with appetites whetted by their 12 mile drive, did ample justice. The Brooklyn chapter had also been invited to share in the work and festivities, and was well represented.

The Chelsea ladies did their part of the work with their customary ease and grace, and won well merited words of praise. The floral degree was worked by Brooklyn chapter and was beautifully and artistically rendered.

About 11 o'clock the Chelseaites started for home all voting they had been royally entertained by their Manchester sisters and brothers. Most of them arrived here at from 1 to 1:30 o'clock, but one load did not get here until nearly 8 o'clock, having gone several miles out of their way. What was the matter with that Manchester coffee, anyhow?

EPWORTH LEAGUERS

Of the Ann Arbor District Will Meet in Annual Convention at Chelsea, Oct. 8 and 9.

The annual convention of the Epworth League of Ann Arbor District will be held in the Methodist church, Chelsea, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 8 and 9. About 250 delegates and most of the pastors throughout the district are expected to be present. Special music will be furnished at all the meetings and congregational singing will also be a prominent feature. The League conventions are always very interesting meetings to attend. Addresses will be delivered each evening by Rev. C. H. Morgan, of Rochester, Dr. Joseph F. Berry, editor of the Epworth Herald, Chicago, and other prominent speakers. A complete program will appear in this paper next week. A general invitation is extended to all Chelsea people to attend the convention. Come out and hear 400 enthusiastic Epworth Leaguers sing.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Mrs. Michael Schanz, Jr., Carried Out of a Burning House Wrapped in Bed Clothes.

The dwelling house of Michael Schanz, jr., at Lima Center, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon between 5 and 6 o'clock. Mrs. Schanz was ill in bed, and had it not been for the prompt action of the men working on the power house she would have been burned with the house. They wrapped the bed clothes round her and so carried her over to Mr. Storms' house. Most of the furniture downstairs was saved, but that contained in the upper part of the house was destroyed. The fire originated from the oil cook stove being tipped over. The M. E. church, the schoolhouse and a barn were only saved by great exertion, each of them being on fire several times. The loss on the house is partially covered by insurance.

Stores Will Close Earlier.

We, the undersigned, agree to close our places of business at 8:30 p.m. local time during the month of October, and at 7:30 p.m. from Nov. 1, 1901, to April 1, 1902, with the exception of Saturday evenings and the two weeks preceding Christmas beginning Dec. 9.

J. S. Cummings.
L. T. Freeman.
Glazier & Stimson.
Fenn & Vogel.
John Farrell.
H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.
H. S. Holmes Hardware, Bazar and Furniture Department.
W. P. Schenk & Co.
A. E. Winans.
W. J. Knapp.
F. Kantlehner.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellett, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for burns, boils, piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Glazier & Stimson."

80 CANDLE POWER

From Kerosene.

We are offering a new round-wick lamp, which is guaranteed to give an 80 candle power light. It is fitted with a handsome nickel plated base and a neat white glass shade; the burner we can guarantee to be the very best made. The most interesting part is the price,

\$1.58.

The long winter evenings are approaching when time drags without a good light. Save your eyes this year with the 80-candle power light.

- Patent Stone Fruit Jars \$1.00 a doz.
- Jelly Cups 30c a doz.
- Pint Fruit Jars 60c a doz.
- Quart Fruit Jars 70c a doz.
- 2-Quart Fruit Jars 80c a doz.
- 8 lbs Snow Flake Starch for 25c.
- 6 lbs Good Rice for 25c.
- 11 bars Laundry Soap for 25c.
- No. 0 and No. 1 Lamp Chimneys at 3c each.
- Fine Ginger Snaps 8c a lb.
- All \$1.00 Patent Medicines for 75c.
- All 50c Patent Medicines for 38c.
- All 25c Patent Medicines 18c.
- Full Strength Ammonia 5c a pint.
- Pure Epsom Salts 2c a lb.
- Pure Glauber Salts 2c a lb.
- Spirits of Camphor 40c a pint.
- 6 lbs Sal Soda for 5c.
- 6 lbs Copperas for 5c.

Highest Market Price for Eggs
AT

The Bank Drug Store

JUST RIGHT

When we cut out a roast there is the certainty that it will be just right.

Not only do we prepare it to give it the most attractive quality, but it is taken from the choicest part of the best stock.

Our roasts are of the right kind—you'll like them.

Home Cured Bacon and Hams

and

Steam Kettle Rendered Lard

on hand at all times.

ADAM EPPLER.

Bread 4c. a Loaf.

Flour having dropped in price 1 will sell bread at the same price it is sold for in Detroit and Jackson, 4c. for a one pound loaf, or seven loaves for 25 cents.

7 Bread Tickets 25c.

and

3 doz. Cookies or Fried Cakes 25c

at the

CENTRAL BAKERY.

Howard's Baking Powder
25c per pound.

The best on the market. Try it.

J. G. EARL,

Next door to Hoag & Holmes.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resurrections, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

DOMESTIC.

Mrs. James A. Garfield, widow of the president who was assassinated in 1881, is prostrated at her home in Mentor, O., by the murder of President McKinley, which has so vividly recalled her own sorrow.

President McKinley's mortal remains now rest in the tomb in Westlawn cemetery at Canton. The final stages of the journey on the 19th were from house to church and thence to the graveyard, and city and state, nation and the world at large vied with each other in paying the last tribute. Mrs. McKinley was unable to attend the final services. All over the United States business was suspended during the day, and in all the principal towns, north and south, every wheel stopped during the starting of the funeral service in Canton. Public buildings and private residences were draped in black and memorial services were held everywhere.

The steamer Hudson went down in a gale on Lake Superior off Eagle River, and the crew of 25 men were probably drowned.

As the result of a quarrel David J. Brown fatally shot his father-in-law, J. C. Fitzgerald, and himself at Carlinville, Ill., and seriously wounded his wife.

Burglars took \$2,700 in cash from the bank at Shullsburg, Ia.

A Ferris wheel operating at the fair grounds in Flint, Mich., fell, injuring seven persons, three of them fatally.

President Roosevelt, in conformity with his policy to carry out as much as possible the plans of President McKinley, announced the appointment of W. E. Riddely, of Illinois, as comptroller of the currency.

An explosion of gas at the department store of A. M. Rothschild & Co. in Chicago wrecked a huge wall, causing a loss of \$250,000.

The loss to the steel combine and workers by the great strike is placed at \$25,000,000.

Members of the Associated Press in annual meeting at New York adopted resolutions voicing high praise of McKinley, denouncing anarchists and calling for prompt legislative measures to rid the country of advocates of violence.

In an interview with a Polish reporter in Buffalo Czolgosz said: "What's the use of talking about that? I killed the president. I am an anarchist, and simply did my duty; that's all I'll say."

James Everett and his wife and Miss Odie Cutler were killed by the cars near Hamilton, O.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the seven days ended on the 26th aggregated \$1,738,256,384, against \$2,037,528,330 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of last year was 26.9.

Almost the entire business part of Effingham, Kan., was wiped out by fire.

Mrs. McKinley visited the receiving vault at the Canton cemetery in which her husband's remains were placed. Dr. Rixey says that she is bearing up well and will probably recover her usual health.

There were 157 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 20th, against 175 the week previous and 211 the corresponding period of 1900.

President Roosevelt began his work by conferring with his cabinet upon all questions now before the government.

The Schley inquiry was resumed in Washington and the line of questioning indicated that the admiral would be attacked for failing to destroy the Colon and for the retrograde movement from Santiago when the Spanish fleet was inside.

Tin plate workers of Pittsburg who seceded from the Amalgamated association will form a new national organization and will continue the strike against the steel combine.

The Chicago Building Trades council adopted resolutions calling for the suppression of anarchism.

The woman's building at the state fair grounds at Springfield, Ill., was destroyed by fire.

Three men were killed and a fourth fatally injured in a freight wreck on the Pere Marquette railway at Wayne, Mich.

Snow to the depth of two inches fell at Mount Washington, N. H.

Heavy frost throughout eastern Indiana has done great damage to the late crops.

The Brooklyn bridge is said to be in imminent danger of collapse, and necessary repairs will cost \$1,000,000.

John A. Chanler, the divorced husband of Amelie Rives, who escaped from Bloomingdale insane asylum last year, reappeared at Lynchburg, Va., and will make a legal fight to regain his immense wealth.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 22d were: Pittsburgh, .643; Philadelphia, .575; Brooklyn, .566; St. Louis, .532; Boston, .508; New York, .495; Chicago, .389; Cincinnati, .382.

Cyrus Brock and his brother John were killed by gas while digging a well near Mishawaka, Ind.

The plant of the American Tin Can company in Toledo, O., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$300,000.

In the American league the percentages of the baseball clubs for the week ended on the 22d were: Chicago, .626; Boston, .570; Detroit, .547; Philadelphia, .527; Baltimore, .492; Washington, .461; Cleveland, .411; Milwaukee, .364.

Henry E. Newell and his wife were murdered near England, Ark., by parties unknown.

At Republican City, Neb., robbers blew open the safe of the bank and secured over \$1,000 in cash.

The season of the Western Baseball association closed with the Grand Rapids (Mich.) club as winner of the championship.

Jim Brown (colored) was hanged in the jail yard at Ashville, Ala., for murder.

E. G. Richter, a farmer near Cornell, Ill., killed James Thompson and fatally wounded Samuel England for trespassing on his land.

Fire destroyed the town hall and 15 business buildings at Madison, Minn.

While addressing the Endeavor society at the Disciple church in Lima, O., W. M. Abbott, elder in the church, dropped dead.

Johann Most was arrested at Corona, L. I., while addressing an anarchist meeting in a saloon.

The expense incurred by the death of President McKinley, including medical services and the funeral, will be met by congress through a special provision.

Insanity experts put Assassin Czolgosz through a rigid examination in Buffalo and declared that he was not insane.

Gen. Wood on leaving Washington for Cuba declared the Cubans can assume the government of the island by May.

Citizens of Spring Valley, Ill., gathered to destroy the office of L'Aurore, an anarchistic publication, but were persuaded to desist by cooler heads.

Ninety-five sailors, mostly from Kansas, deserted from the training ship Mohican on her last cruise.

Michael Woods killed Miss Fosette at Del Rio, Tex., because she refused to marry him and then killed himself.

President Roosevelt told a party of southerners that sectionalism would have no place in his administration and that he would carry out McKinley's policy in the south.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Rev. C. S. Dinkins, D. D., president of the Selma university, and one of the foremost educators of the negro race, died in Selma, Ala.

Charles Crist Delmonico, the famous caterer of New York, died at Denver, Col., from heart failure.

Miss Laura Conger, daughter of Minister Conger, was married in Chicago to Lieut. F. E. Buchan, of Kansas City, Mo.

George West died at his home at Ballston Spa, N. Y., aged 78 years. He served three terms in congress.

FOREIGN.

The Boers captured 200 British troops and three guns at Scheepers Nek.

From all over the world come reports of services being held in memory of President McKinley. At all the capitals of Europe flags were at half-mast as token of sympathy and respect. At Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Constantinople, Bombay and in the isles of the West Indies memorial services were held.

The British torpedo boat destroyer Cobra foundered in the North sea and 67 lives were lost.

Additional claims against Turkey have been presented by France, which must be settled before the resumption of diplomatic relations.

A company of British Royal Horse artillery, escorted by a company of mounted infantry, was captured by Boers at Vlakfontein.

A statue to King Alfred the Great was unveiled at Winchester, England, in the presence of a great assemblage.

Dr. Diedrick, physician of the Peary expedition, is said to have been abandoned by the explorer in the arctic, 200 miles from civilization.

Gen. Kitchener reported heavy losses in a party of Lovatt's scouts, who were surprised by the Boer general, Kritzing, near Herschell.

Dutch citizens of Cape Colony were said to be on the verge of revolt.

Aginaldo's bodyguard, Maj. Alhambra, and his men, took the oath of allegiance at Manila.

King Edward visited the King of Sweden at Helsingborg.

Thirty-two persons were killed in a train wreck at Palola, Roumania.

Gen. Frederick Funston has undergone an operation for appendicitis at Manila and it is believed he will recover.

Harry de Windt, the explorer, will attempt to travel overland between Europe and America by way of Behring strait.

LATER.

The jury was completed in the Czolgosz case in Buffalo. The assassin pleaded guilty, but the trial will continue under the law. Three of the doctors who attended President McKinley told of the wound and of its treatment by the surgeons.

Floods were causing destitution in the Yangtse valley in China. Ten million persons were homeless.

Fire destroyed the insane asylum at Norfolk, Neb., the loss being \$200,000, and two inmates perished in the flames.

Frederick Lindloff, aged 77, and his son John, aged 29, were suffocated in a coal shaft in Coal Valley, Ill.

President Roosevelt took up his residence in the white house. The last of the personal effects of his predecessor were packed and shipped to Canton.

Anti-Tammany organizations in New York city decided upon a fusion ticket, with Seth Low for mayor.

Frederick Frayley, president of the National Board of Trade and a veteran financier, died in Philadelphia, aged 97 years.

Secretary of State Power died in Jackson, Mich., of pneumonia.

The story of the famous "loop" by the Brooklyn during the Santiago battle, as told before the board of inquiry in Washington, shows that the Texas was put in peril and forced to stop, losing three miles.

Nineteen sophomores of the University of Alabama have been suspended for hazing.

Judge Chetlain ordered the discharge in Chicago of nine men accused of conspiring to kill the president, because there was no evidence to connect them with the crime.

The torpedo boat Nicolson and submarine boat Porpoise were launched at Elizabethport, N. J.

Coal mine strikers at Madisonville, Ky., fired on the guards, and the governor was asked to send troops to the scene.

Admiral Sampson formally resigned his post as commandant of the Charleston (Mass.) navy yard.

A fire in the town of Kallundborg, Denmark, destroyed property valued at \$2,500,000.

President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, in a statement giving reasons compelling settlement of the steel strike and terms secured, blames deserters and leaders of other labor unions.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

Bankers and brokers unite in saying that Roosevelt's attitude has inspired confidence.

The Neuesleben, of Berlin, and the Freiheit, anarchist papers, have suspended publication.

In the state of Massachusetts it is made illegal by statute to erect a fence exceeding six feet in height.

English mail for Australia is delivered in 31 days when sent by way of the United States, the quickest route.

It is said that King Oscar will send one of his sons to represent Sweden and Norway at the St. Louis exposition.

The assessed valuation of the state of Idaho has increased \$4,649,580 in a single year, and the total now is \$52,195,486.

St. Louis has nearly \$17,000,000 in bank or in sight for exposition purposes, and has reason to expect a great deal more.

O. D. Barrett, for 20 years law partner of Gen. B. F. Butler, died in Washington, where he had practiced for over 40 years.

In 1894 the United States senate passed a bill excluding anarchists, but it failed to pass the house and did not become a law.

The state and church authorities in Germany have determined to exhaust every means to drive Christian Science from the land.

London and Berlin newspapers extend cordial compliments to President Roosevelt, saying he is worthy of all confidence and respect.

Alexander Ramsey, who became the first governor of Minnesota territory June 1, 1849, celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday a few days ago.

Rev. O. N. Hartshorn, LL. D., founder and for almost 50 years president of Mount Union college, died at Alliance, O., after a long illness from Bright's disease. He was 78 years old.

Rt. Rev. E. D. Ferguson, bishop of Liberia, after a life work in that country extending over 50 years, says that the negro of good habit and willingness to work will find a reward for his labors in Liberia.

Only six are now alive of the company playing in Ford's theater the night Lincoln was shot. Three of the survivors are still on the stage—Mrs. Kathryn M. Evans, M. A. Kennedy and W. J. Ferguson.

ASSASSIN ON TRIAL.

Czolgosz Enters Plea of Guilty But It Is Refused.

A Jury Quickly Secured—The Testimony of Medical Staff Is Taken—Trial Will Probably Be a Brief One.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Leon F. Czolgosz was placed on trial Monday for the murder of President McKinley on September 6. The trial was in the supreme court of Erie county, Judge Truman C. White presiding.

The trial began at ten o'clock, but long before that hour the streets in the vicinity of the city hall were the objective of many curious persons. They were willing to take chances on being admitted to the courtroom, even though they knew that there were but 150 seats available. The various entrances to the great building, with the exception of that on Franklin street, were closed and guarded. Policemen were everywhere, and rigid discipline was the order of the day.

Trial Will Be Brief.

The probable duration of the trial, it is believed, can be placed at two full days. When District Attorney Penny was asked by Justice White, at noon, as to the time he would take in the presentation of the case, he declared that he would conclude by Tuesday noon. Judge Titus, for the defense, was noncommittal, however, and merely replied: "That depends upon the turn things take."

It is not probable that any defense will be put in, owing to the character of the prisoner and his refusal to help his attorney in any way to procure evidence which they could use in his favor. The idea of an attempt to enter the question of his sanity is not thought of in view of the reports of the two alienists who have recently examined him, and there is ground for the belief that the trial will be concluded with a session of but one day more.

At 10:16 there was a bustle in the corridor and a squad of policemen brought in the prisoner. He was handcuffed to an officer on each side, while in front and behind him walked other uniformed policemen.

The prisoner was attired in a new suit of dark gray, a white shirt and a collar and a light blue bow tie. His face was cleanly shaven and his hair combed.

He sat down behind his counsel with two officers in plain clothing immediately in his rear.

District Attorney Penney proceeded at once with the reading of the indictment. He spoke to Czolgosz in a low voice, in fact so low that when the prisoner was asked to plead he seemed not to understand what had been said.

Justice White asked him: "What have you to say?"

There was a moment's hesitation. Then the prisoner's lips moved as if to make reply, but before he could do so, his junior counsel, Mr. Lewis, arose to speak, not having seen the prisoner's motion.

Justice White, however, insisted that Czolgosz should speak, and the prisoner said:

"I didn't hear what he said."

Pleads "Guilty."

District Attorney Penney then read the indictment again in a louder voice and to the demand for a reply the prisoner, who was standing at the time, said, in a very low voice: "Guilty."

This plea was, however, not permitted to stand under the law, and a plea of "not guilty" was at once ordered by the court.

The examination and swearing-in of the jurors was then begun, the prisoner standing as each was sworn.

Eight persons had been accepted when the court adjourned for the noon recess.

The Jury.

When the court reassembled at two p. m. the jury was completed quickly. It is composed of the following gentlemen:

Frederick W. Lauer, plumber; Richard J. Garwood, a street railway foreman; Henry W. Wendt, a local manufacturer; Silas Carmer, a farmer living at Clarence; James S. Stygall, a plumber; William Loton, a farmer of Edon; Walter E. Everett, a blacksmith; Benjamin J. Ralph, a bank cashier; Samuel P. Waldo, Andrew J. Smith, Joachim H. Marteus, dealer in boots and shoes, and Robert J. Adams, contractor.

Assistant District Attorney Haller briefly presented the case of the prosecution to the jury and at 2:55 the first witness was called.

To Keep Anarchists Out.

New York, Sept. 24.—Immigration inspectors at the port of New York are exercising a greater degree of vigilance now than formerly as a result of the general demand for the exclusion of anarchists. While Commissioner Fitch admits that under existing laws he has no authority to exclude emigrants on the ground that they are anarchists, the inspectors are very careful in the visting of all papers where there is any reason to suppose that the newcomer is in any way seeking entrance contrary to the laws that govern the cases.

THE SCHLEY INQUIRY.

A Synopsis of the Proceedings on Saturday—Evidence Shows Blockade of Santiago Effective.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Although every development at the court of inquiry was not entirely favorable to Rear Admiral Schley, in the main, results of Saturday's session were satisfactory to him and his counsel. Important points brought out were: That the blockading ships never were a great distance from the harbor; that a picket line of the smaller vessels always was on guard at night; that the signals seen on shore were supposed by all to be between Spanish forces; that the ships were given orders to coal where they were; that fuel was absolutely necessary, and that the slow time made by the squadron on its way from Cienfuegos was a result of the rough weather.

Other features of the testimony were the claim that the large vessels could have made better time toward Santiago by leaving the smaller craft behind, to rejoin the squadron later, and that Schley's original plan for the attack on the Colon was not carried out, his vessels passing the harbor's mouth at too great a speed to permit of effective work.

One of the chief points of interest was the absolute and unqualified denial that Commodore Schley with the "flying squadron" was at any time during the blockading operations 25 miles away from the mouth of Santiago harbor. On the contrary, it was developed that the extreme distance during the day time was not greater than seven miles, and during the night not more than four miles.

Commander Schroeder, now governor of Guam, who was the chief executive officer of the Massachusetts during the war, testified that, in his judgment, the "flying squadron" did not make as much speed as it was possible to attain on the sail from Cienfuegos to Santiago, and he further testified that Commodore Schley had not used sufficient effort to destroy the Colon, as that vessel lay within plain sight of the ships of the "flying squadron" for more than two days.

It was asserted by Commander Schroeder that no result was secured from the bombardment of the Colon, but that if the vessels had approached nearer the shore line and steamed by the entrance of the harbor at a slower rate, it might have been possible to sink the Colon. Commander Schroeder said there was no obstacle to going in closer to shore, and at no time were the vessels of the American fleet in danger of the fire from the shore batteries or of the Colon.

With reference to the slow progress made by the flying squadron from Cienfuegos to Santiago, Commander Schroeder said there was nothing in the condition of the weather that prevented the larger ships from making better time. He said this could have been done by leaving behind the Vixen, the Eagle, and the collier Merrimac, all of which retarded progress. This would have necessitated abandoning the two smaller vessels and the collier, but Commander Schroeder contended that they would have overtaken the fleet the next day at Santiago.

PALMA FOR PRESIDENT.

Candidacy for Head of Cuban Government to Be Announced This Week and Election Seems Sure.

Havana, Sept. 23.—Next Saturday or sooner Tomas Estrada Palma will be proclaimed a candidate for the presidency of Cuba, with the indorsement of all political parties and with absolute assurance of election when the vote is taken. This was decided by the leaders of the several parties at a meeting called to read the platform, addressed to Gen. Rius Rivera by Palma, in reply to a request from these parties for an expression of sentiment on the various propositions propounded by the Cuban people. The greatest questions involved are those of a reciprocity treaty with the United States, a permanent treaty as prescribed by the Platt amendment; the manner of the paying of the Cuban army for services during the revolution, the systems of collecting revenue for governmental expenses and the ownership of the Isle of Pines. The leaders accepted Palma's platform by a vote of 23 to 2. Great enthusiasm prevailed among Palma's friends. It is believed that he will be elected by an overwhelming majority. The convention is awaiting the return of Gen. Wood to settle the matter of the electoral law.

The McKinley Estate.

Washington, Sept. 23.—It is authoritatively stated here that the late president left an estate valued at about \$200,000. This is inclusive of \$67,000 life insurance. The statement made by a New York financial paper that Mr. McKinley had \$300,000 life insurance is wide of the mark. The amount was just \$67,000, and all of this has been paid. During his 4½ years in the presidency Mr. McKinley saved about \$25,000 a year out of his salary. Mrs. McKinley will be voted the usual pension of \$5,000 a year by congress. A bill for this purpose will be introduced the first day of the coming session.

Theo. Roosevelt, 26th American President

His Life Has Been Full of Snap and Excitement

AUTHOR AS WELL AS STATESMAN



Mr. Roosevelt has been known to the public principally as a writer and a rough rider. It was therefore singularly appropriate in at least one respect that it was in the musty atmosphere of old books that he took the oath to "faithfully execute the office of president of the United States," and to the best of his ability to "preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States." On Saturday afternoon, September 14, 1901, in the library of the home of his friend, Ansley Wilcox, and in the city of Buffalo, N. Y., the simple ceremony was performed. The president is dead; the president lives; long live our president!

Theodore Roosevelt is the twenty-sixth president of the United States, and the fifth vice president to succeed to the executive chair. John Tyler was the first, succeeding William Henry Harrison. Millard Fillmore was the second; he succeeded Zachary Taylor. The assassination of Abraham Lincoln brought Andrew Johnson into the white house. James A. Garfield was succeeded by his vice president, Chester A. Arthur. Roosevelt has one advantage over all these four men in that he comes into his great office better known to the public than any of them. Almost from boyhood he has been more or less in the eyes of the public.

This statesman, legislator, author, student, huntsman, rough rider and

desire to become a member of the legislature. He fought the machine and defeated it.

In 1884 he appeared before the nation. His health troubled him and he sought a new life at Chimney Butte, Dak., where he grazed cattle and led the life of a cowboy. He became known from Medora to Dickinson as the boldest and bravest cattleman in the region. He did what the cowmen did. He lived as they lived. He commanded the respect even of the desperadoes. His lungs expanded, his body developed and he gained a reserve of health that seems to have grown every year since.

Turns to Literature.

He lost money on his cattle venture, but he returned to New York a strong man physically, and he made the race for mayor of that city. He was defeated, but he laughed. He understood that the corrupt elements of the city would not tolerate him, but he waited. Meanwhile he wrote books—books on hunting, books on western life, books on eastern cities. His style in literature was vigorous and pleasing. His books sold well and the magazines made great demand for his writings. The public liked his breeziness, his evident sincerity, his courage, and partially appreciated him even before he became a national civil service commissioner in 1889.

Once at Washington, he commenced an enforcement of the law of the most vigorous kind. He made himself dis-

men, daring men and good shots could be secured.

Forms Unique Regiment.

The regiment was the most unique of its kind ever organized, and was much scoffed at in the beginning. Before it had been two days in Cuba the wisdom of its organization was plainly seen. The men were fitted for any kind of campaigning. Their colonel and lieutenant colonel took what they took. The regiment practically forged itself, and was first in the field and first to be baptized with fire. At Las Guasimas, Kettle hill and San Juan it gave up its bravest and best and went on to victory.

Mr. Roosevelt was its colonel before the end of the war, and pronounced by

But a would-be upper class based mainly on wealth, on which it is the exception and not the rule for a man to be of any real account in the national life, whether as a politician, a literary man, or otherwise, is of necessity radically defective and of little moment."

ROOSEVELT AS AN AUTHOR.

During a Busy Life He Has Found Time for Much Writing.

It is now nearly 20 years since Theodore Roosevelt took a place in the public eye as a man of affairs. Granting him the prophet's three score years and ten, only a little more than a third of his period of maturity has passed. And yet 14 volumes stand to his credit. And if we add the books in which his

peals to the reader's sympathies. He has, too, a power of coining striking phrases and of putting things in a way that catches the attention. "The strenuous life" is a phrase with a meaning that could not be put again in so few words. In a recent speech he spoke of our war with Spain as "merely a bit of the police work of the world." Once before he spoke of it as "a bit of rough surgery."

These utterances reveal the man. He has written much. The titles of some of his best works are: "Life of Thomas Benton," "Life of Gouverneur Morris," "Ranch Life and the Hunting Trail," "The Winning of the West," "History of New York City," "Essays on Practical Politics," "The Wilderness Hunter," "Hero Tales from American History," "Naval War of 1812."

The First Lady of the Land.

Mrs. Roosevelt is a handsome woman, well educated, and thoroughly familiar with the requirements of society. She is a warm admirer of Mrs. Grover Cleveland, especially as a wife and mother, and warmly approves the declarations of the former president's wife that children belong exclusively to the home and fireside, and should never know they are objects of public interest, especially during a political campaign. She is careful to screen her children in all ways possible from photographers, and likewise shuns publicity herself. She declares children, if promiscuously admired, become self-conscious, vain and conceited, and lose their traits of innocence and loveliness.

HIS CAREER IN OUTLINE.

A Brief Chronology of Mr. Roosevelt's Life.

- Born—New York, October 27, 1858.
- Educated—Cutler's private school, New York; and Harvard. Graduated from Harvard, 1880.
- His Favorite Studies There—History, philosophy and government.
- Elected to State Legislature—1883.
- Defeated for Mayor of New York—1886.
- Became Noted as New York Reform Police Commissioner—1895.
- Served as President Harrison's Appointee on National Civil Service Commission—1889-1895.
- President McKinley made him assistant secretary of navy, 1897.
- Organized the rough riders and fought at their head at San Juan.
- Was elected governor of New York, 1898; plurality over Augustus Van Wyck, 18,000.
- Was elected vice president, 1900.
- Took the oath of office as president of the United States September 14, 1900.
- Married Miss Edith Kermet Carow



THE ROOSEVELT FAMILY.

(View of the Interesting Group Which Will Make the White House Their Home.)

the foreign military attaches who observed his conduct in the field as one of the first military officers of the day. He was in Santiago at the surrender, brought his regiment back to the United States and disbanded it at Montauk point in the fall of 1898. It contributed among the volunteer troops more to the success of the American arms in Cuba than any other regiment formed.

Is Chosen Governor.

The colonel became governor of New York immediately after his return to this country. As governor he stood for radical taxation legislation and state control of the trusts. His term was marked by a pronounced fight on his part against the New York republican machine. He did not seek the vice presidential nomination last year, but had it forced upon him, and he accepted at the last moment. During the campaign he made a trip of over 21,000 miles, speaking for the ticket, and was received everywhere with popular acclaim. Since his inauguration he has presided over one extra session of the senate, and made several trips throughout the country, attending public functions.

As to the real Theodore Roosevelt, authentic things that he has said give ample revelation as to what manner of a character he will bring to the presidency. On "Americanism," in an interview in 1893, he said:

"I naturally disapprove of the half-conscious spread-eagle Americanism, which is ever exerting itself at the wrong moments. I dislike it, of course, when it is put forward as a plea to excuse moral shortcomings of a kind usually connected with public affairs. Nevertheless, in spite of this abuse, I am sure that no man can well play his part in our life, who is not honestly American in heart, belief and instinct.

Admirer of Parkman.

"If one wishes to find a typical American, one may consider Francis Parkman. He always appealed to my admiration, because he made his life work largely of the description of that frontier warfare between our backwoodsmen and their foes which has been of such incalculable importance in our land's history."

In one of his published works he says: "In speaking to my own countrymen there is one point upon which I wish to lay especial stress; that is, the necessity for a feeling of broad, radical and intense Americanism, if good work is to be done in any direction. Above all, the one essential for success in every political movement which is to do lasting good is that our citizens should act as Americans, not as Americans with a prefix and qualification—not as Irish-Americans, German-Americans, native Americans—but as Americans pure and simple.

Opinion on Caste.

"It is an outrage for a man to drag foreign politics into our contests and vote as an Irishman or German or other foreigner, as the case may be, and there is no worse citizen than the professional Irish dynamite or German anarchist, because of his attitude toward our social and political life, not to mention his efforts to embroil us with foreign powers. But it is no less an outrage to discriminate against one who has become an American in good faith, merely because of his creed or birthplace."

Of caste he has written: "As for the upper social world, the fashionable world, it is much as it was when portrayed in 'Potiphar Papers,' save that modern society has shifted the shrine at which it pays comical but sincere homage from Paris to London. Perhaps it is rather better, for it is less provincial and a trifle more American."

name appears as editor and contributor, like "The History of the Royal Navy," and the book of which he and Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge are joint authors, the total number of his books is 21.

This would be remarkable in an author whose sole occupation was writing. It appears still more so in a man to whom authorship is but an incident, when we recall that he has served three terms in the New York legislature; that he was for five years a member of the civil service commission, and for three arduous years president of the board of police commissioners in New York city; that he has been assistant secretary of the navy, commander of a regiment in the war with Spain, governor of New York and vice president of the United States. Furthermore, to appreciate fully the size of Mr. Roosevelt's product as an author we must bear in mind two



PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

warrior is a descendant through nine generations from early Dutch settlers of New York. Along this ancestral line there have been infusions of Scotch, Irish and French-Huguenot blood. The present Theodore Roosevelt is not the first of his family to hold public office.

In successive generations its members have been called to official duties in city, state or nation. The father of the president at various times held public office in New York, and invariably refused money compensation for his services.

Of Delicate Health When a Lad.
Roosevelt was a pale and delicate boy, the very opposite in health of what he has since become. Plenty of outdoor air and physical exercise soon began to give him a good degree of bodily vigor, and in his college years he became skilled in boxing and wrestling.

In Harvard university he held good rank as a scholar, giving especial attention to natural history and general historical subjects. After his graduation from Harvard in 1880 he continued his studies at Dresden and then traveled in Europe and the east.

Roosevelt Enters Politics.
In 1881 Roosevelt, 23 years of age, began his active life in New York. And with him activity was activity. His father had instilled into his mind a contempt for the man who drifts through an inactive life of comfortable self-indulgence, achieving nothing.

He tried a plunge into New York politics. In his city district was a republican machine combination that showed no disposition to recognize his

liked among the spoilsmen of both parties, but he held to the line of his duty. He took the law as he found it, lived true to his oath of office and made the measure respected in many quarters where it had been sneered at before.

Shakes Up the Police.

From Washington he passed to a police commissionership in New York city. His peculiar ability to work, and work on right lines, gave the corrupt police force such a shaking up as it had never had before. He was police commissioner in every sense of the word, unbribable, unapproachable, fair to the fair-minded, severe on the criminal. His books continued to sell in increasing number, and the public through the press, began to have a broader view of him.

When the Spanish-American war came he was assistant secretary of the navy by the authority of President McKinley. He had much to do with the organization of the navy for the conflict, and it has always been believed that his influence largely contributed to the sending of Admiral Dewey to Hong-Kong, and thence to Manila bay.

When war became a certainty Mr. Roosevelt resigned his position in the navy department, and with Gen. Leonard Wood organized the First volunteer cavalry, better known as the rough riders. Gen. Wood was colonel of this regiment and Mr. Roosevelt lieutenant colonel. The members of the regiment came from the first families in the east, from ranches in the west, came from wherever good horse-



MRS. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

more things—the character of his work and the diversity of his subjects. Most of his books are not such as could be written off-hand. His "History of the Navy in the War of 1812" and his "Winning of the West" involved a great deal of searching among archives and old manuscripts in state and national government offices, in libraries and in private collections. His subjects include naval history, military history, frontier history, municipal history, sport, biography, biology, politics and book reviews.

Mr. Roosevelt's style is that of a plain man telling a straightforward story. After reading his books you are certain that he never paid any attention to his style, and the evidence is, not that the style is not good, but that there is absolutely no straining after effect. He is essentially a practical man, but he is well endowed with imagination, and this gives to his work an occasional poetic touch that ap-

in 1886. Has six children—four boys and two girls—and lives at Oyster Bay, Long Island, New York.

ROOSEVELT'S CABINET.

McKinley's Councilors Will Stand by the New President.

It is almost certain that the cabinet of President McKinley will be the cabinet of President Roosevelt. He not only requested them to remain, but stated to them that they were his choice for the positions which they were occupying. All of the members, including Secretary Hay, complied unconditionally. In the event of Secretary Hay's retirement (sooner or later) it is altogether probable that Secretary of War Root will succeed to the state portfolio. This will make an opening for at least one new man to take charge of the war office. No other changes under present circumstances are even remotely likely.

Palpitation,

fluttering or irregular pulsations are an indication of weakness of the nerves or muscles of the heart. A weakness long continued produces deformity and organic disease. If your heart action is weak, make it strong. Build up the muscles and strengthen the nerves with the greatest of all heart remedies, Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

"My wife suffered greatly with palpitation of the heart, smothering spells and loss of sleep. She found immediate relief from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and after a thorough course her trouble all disappeared."

CAPT. THOS. F. GEORGE,
Athens, Ala.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

quiets the nervous heart, regulates its pulsations and builds up its strength as nothing else can. Sold by druggists on a guarantee.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1901.

FRIENDS AND PATRONS OF THE CHELSEA HERALD WHO HAVE BUSINESS AT THE PROBATE OFFICE ARE REQUESTED TO HAVE JUDGE WATKINS SEND THEIR PROBATE AND OTHER LEGAL NOTICES FROM THAT OFFICE TO THE HERALD.

Electric Railway Notes.

The Hawks-Angus company has ten carloads of rails and a large quantity of ties in Jackson ready to unload. The company is ready to proceed with the work of building their city line as soon as the franchise is approved.

The Ann Arbor Railroad Co. again had a switch engine patrolling its crossing on West Huron street, Ann Arbor, Saturday night, to prevent Hawks & Angus from making a crossing over their road, if any such attempt were made. The fears of the company were groundless.

Dexter Leader: The engineer of the Bland electric road has run lines down C street and up Fourth to determine the grade. Should the council not allow the grade to be sufficiently reduced on the hill on Ann Arbor street, the company will probably ask for a franchise around the other way.

Hawks & Angus have completed the work of securing options for a right of way for an extension of their electric line from Jackson to Vandercook's lake, four miles south of the city, and past Woodland cemetery. It is stated the work of grading will be commenced this fall if the city council passes the franchise in the city.

Mayor Palmer, of Jackson, has vetoed the Hawks-Angus franchise. His reason is that not two-thirds of the aldermen voted for it, the vote being 10 to 6. He declares in his veto that while he is in favor of the extension of street car lines within the city, it would be imprudent to make such a franchise a law, thereby inviting litigation and disagreeable complications. Neither the city nor company would benefit by it, he declares.

Articles of association were filed with Secretary of State Warner Friday by the Jackson & Ann Arbor and Detroit & Ann Arbor Railway companies. Each of the companies has an authorized capital of \$100,000. The former proposes to build an electric line from Jackson to Ann Arbor, and the latter a line from Ann Arbor to Detroit. The incorporators are Worrall Wilson, of Grass Lake, and Glenn D. Smith, J. B. Foote and C. H. Frisbie, of Jackson.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Glazier & Stimson.

ALL TAKING SIDES.

According to the Attorneys Everybody in Chelsea is interested in the Hadley Will Case—But That's a Mistake.

Ann Arbor Argus: The contest over the Stephen O. Hadley will is being drawn sharper and sharper. This is a contest in which five brothers are fighting for a share in the estate, the entire amount of which was left to their six sisters. Judge Watkins admitted the will to probate and the sons gave notice of an appeal. Then came the question of appointing commissioners on claims.

"We want a commission which is absolutely unprejudiced," said Attorney Wedemeyer for the contestants.

"We can agree upon three Chelsea men, I think," said Attorney Turnbull, who represents, together with A. J. Sawyer & Son, the daughters of the deceased.

"I don't think we can," said Mr. Wedemeyer. "Everybody in Chelsea has taken sides with one or the other and we want someone away from there."

"Your Honor," said Mr. Turnbull, "I don't think this estate ought to be put to the expense of getting commissioners from a distance. This contest is simply made to waste the estate."

Mr. Wedemeyer—"Mr. Turnbull is too old a man to make such a statement. It is unjust. We are not fighting to waste the estate, but for the rights of five parties who were left out of the will and it's going to be a fight to the end."

Mr. Turnbull—"Well, one of your clients has made the statement that he didn't expect to break the will, but that he would fix it so that there would not be anything left of the estate."

"How would Mr. _____ do for one of the commissioners?" asked Mr. Sawyer.

"Wouldn't do at all—he's one of the friends of your side," replied Mr. Wedemeyer.

"You suggest somebody in Chelsea and I think we will accept him," said Mr. Turnbull to Mr. Wedemeyer.

"I would suggest Mr. _____."

"No, he won't do. He's on your side," was the answer.

Finally, as it was seen that the parties could agree on no particular person, let alone three commissioners, Judge Watkins appointed the following: James Kelly, of Manchester, Henry O'Neil, of Sharon, Charles Lewis, of Manchester.

The estate is valued at about \$6,000.

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer, of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Wants a Divorce.

Mrs. Emma West, of Sylvan, has filed a bill in the circuit court asking for a divorce from Russell J. West. She sets forth in her application that they were married in 1867 and that ten children have been born to them, their ages being 32, 29, 27, 25, 24, 22, 20, 16, 15 and 12 years.

She charges extreme cruelty during the past ten years and says that he has connected her name with other men in a manner that is not altogether complimentary. She further states that her husband is the possessor of 70 acres of land and that he has failed to put in any crops or make any provision for the winter. She also says that he has threatened to sell off everything from the farm and that she is afraid that he will do so unless restrained by an injunction.

Judge Kinne has granted her an injunction to prevent this.

An English association regarding woman's happiness has offered a reward of £500 for a greater blessing to woman than Rocky Mountain Tea. Sensible move. Glazier & Stimson.

Mrs. W. H. Calkins' Funeral.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. W. H. Calkins were held at her home on McKinley street, Saturday afternoon, and were conducted by Rev. C. S. Jones. A number of her relatives from Manchester and other places, besides her old friends and neighbors were present. The interment was in Oak Grove cemetery. Mrs. Calkins maiden name was Annie Kingsley. She was born in Dexter in 1836. She united with the Methodist church when 14 years old and was always a worker in the church until her health failed. She was married to Mr. Calkins Oct. 18, 1871, since which time she had resided in this place.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Miss Julia Wheeler, of Jackson, formerly of Chelsea, is very ill from consumption and is not expected to recover. Mr. and Mrs. William Wheeler, the Misses Teresa and Sara Conlan and Bert Conlan, relatives, are now in Jackson.

At the annual meeting of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S., held last evening, the last year's officers were all re-elected with the exception of secretary, Mrs. R. S. Armstrong, who filled that position, having moved to Ann Arbor. Mrs. C. W. Maroney takes her place.

The Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D., president of the World's Christian Endeavor Society, has written for the Ladies' Home Journal a strong article on the question: "Why Should a Young Man Support the Church?" Doctor Clark's recent trip around the world gave him opportunities for studying this subject in many phases which do not exist in this country.

Hawks & Angus have gone to the supreme court on the matter of the injunction which is in force on the block between Main and Ashley streets, Ann Arbor, with a petition for a mandamus to set aside the injunction. The supreme court has issued an order to show cause why the injunction should not be dissolved. The writ is made returnable next Tuesday when the case will be argued.

For wedding cards, visiting cards, business cards, letter heads, note heads, bill heads, statements and envelopes at lowest possible prices, for the grades of material, come to the Herald office. We keep the best as well as the cheaper grades of stock, so as to meet the demands of all comers. You can always get your job work done neatly, promptly and at a right price, at the job office of the Chelsea Herald. Call and see us.

Washtenaw Fair Notes.

The Chelsea Band will furnish the music at the fair on Thursday, Oct. 2.

The entries are about half filled. Extras in some classes are coming in good.

Take your mother, your father, your sister, your brother, your girl, your fellow, to the Washtenaw Fair, at Ann Arbor, Oct. 14. All go, and don't forget to take the children.

Wednesday, Oct. 2, is school day at the Washtenaw Fair. The decorated and undecorated wagons which will carry the school children will meet outside the fair grounds, at Ann Arbor, at 11 o'clock sharp, local time.

Has Trained Them for Fifty Years.

Over half a century's experience in educating young men and women for a practical business career is the record of the Detroit Business University, Detroit, Mich., the leading business school of America. During that busy and useful period it has had over 34,000 students, who now fill most responsible and honorable positions. No institution and city in the country offers such facilities for the student as the Detroit Business University and the city of Detroit. The necessity and great advantage of a practical business education in this era of wondrous commercial prosperity and advancement are obvious. The best business school in the country is the Detroit Business University. All interested should write at once for its handsome illustrated catalogue, mailed free.

The Great WASHTENAW FAIR

AT

ANN ARBOR,

Oct. 1, 2, 3, 4, 1901

DON'T MISS IT.

Wonders of the 20th Century.

Nan Wilkes and Humming Bird, driven by Day Max and Rix, two exhibitions each day. They will race from wire to wire.

A Home Exposition of Genuine Merit

Feast your eyes on the splendid exhibition.

Races You Will Admire.

Music You Cannot Forget.

The Automobiles Will Race.

Ample accommodations for everything and everybody. Excursion rates on railroads. Come and see it, you will find no fault if you do.

For premium lists and other information address

F. B. BRAUN, Secretary,
Ann Arbor, Mich.

Warm Friends For a Lifetime

JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES

LARGEST STOVE PLANT IN THE WORLD

Jewel Stoves are sold by

JEWEL Stoves and Ranges last a lifetime, and give perfect satisfaction as long as they last. When you get tired of the everlasting poking and coming of the common stove or range, order a Jewel, and get a stove that will be a life-long friend. For heating, for cooking, or for both; for cheapness of operation, efficiency, cleanliness and durability, there is no stove or range manufactured that can compare with the Jewel. Look for the trademark.

Jewel Stoves and Ranges have been famous for 35 Years Over 3 Millions in use.

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HOAG & HOLMES
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The World's Best

Examine

Our line of **Buggies and Farm Wagons** at the special low prices we are making.

Our Line of Furniture is complete.

We offer special prices for the month of September.

W. J. KNAPP

Fall and Winter Millinery.

TRIMMED HATS

New and Attractive Designs in the Latest Fashion.

A beautiful line of Trimmings in Plumes, Breasts, Silk Veilings, Etc. Let us make you a Fall or Winter Hat. We guarantee satisfaction and a reasonable price. Ready-to-Wear Hats in the latest styles. Come in and see the display of pretty things for fall and winter wear.

Mary Haab.

HEADQUARTERS

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Screen Doors,
Window Screens,
Ice Cream Freezers,
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Fruit Jars,
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Special Prices on Hammocks.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Headquarters for School Tablets, Pens, Pencils, Ink and other School Supplies.

Advertise in the Herald.

The Best Cigars on the Market For 5 Cents.

The Fawn, Columbia,
The Elks No. 325,
Arrows, or Sports.

MANUFACTURED BY
SCHUSSLER BROS., Chelsea.

POSTAL & MONEY PROPRIETORS.

The Griswold House

DETROIT.

Rates, \$2, \$2.50, \$3 per Day.

COR. GRAND RIVER & GRISWOLD ST.

SALE OF Women's Suits and Dress Skirts.

We have placed on sale a large lot of Women's Suits and Odd Skirts that we just bought very cheap. These are on sale at lower prices than we have ever been able to make on these qualities. They are all fresh and the newest styles.

Special values in Women's Suits, new goods, **\$12.50.**

New Dress Skirts, in Blacks, flounced, and satin and braid trimmed, worth \$7.00, **\$4.95.**

Better Materials and Newest Style Skirts, **\$5.95 and \$7.00.**

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

GENTLEMEN'S

Fall and Winter Clothing.

THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY

To select your Suits, Overcoats and Odd Trousers from the largest stock in Washtenaw county.

All the Leading Novelties and Staples

And a great many confined styles not to be had from sample houses. If you have any fear or dread of cold weather, call and examine a pair of the celebrated **Dr. Thos. Shaw Midwinter Trousers**, or get one our **Medicated Wool Lined Waistcoats.**

Respectfully yours,

J. J. RAFTREY,

Proprietor Glass Block Tailoring Parlors.

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TO SELL

Ann Arbor Improved Quick Lighting

GASOLINE LAMP

One of the best selling articles on the market. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY. Intending agents should secure territory at once. **Why not sell something useful?** An article which everyone can use, which will save its cost three or four times in a year; furnishes the cheapest artificial light known; but one-tenth of the people have modern light facilities; good commission. For further information address or call at the office of the

Superior Manufacturing Co.,

Ann Arbor, - Michigan,

Manufacturers of Gasoline Lamps, and Dealers in Mantles, Shades, Chimneys, Gas and Gasoline Lamp Supplies. Special attention given to mail orders. Write for prices.

If you chew **Tobacco**, use

SCOTTEN'S

Sweet Loma

FINE CUT.

Best for the money. All dealers sell it.

FASHIONABLE :- MILLINERY.

Fall and Winter.

Ladies: We invite your attention to our selection of Fashionable Millinery for fall and winter—**Pattern Hats, Ready-to-Wear Hats**, and everything that goes to make a complete stock. **We won't disappoint you.** Bring in your orders and be convinced that our work is the **best** and prices the lowest.

NELLIE C. MARONEY,

Over H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.'s Store.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Born, Sept. 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schenk, of Freedom, a son.

Born, Sunday, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schanz, jr., of Lima, a daughter.

The time for collecting the village taxes has been further extended to Oct. 21.

Burglars blew open the safe in the South Lyon post office and got \$150 in postage stamps.

The Manchester village council has decided to purchase a steam fire engine from the village of Romeo.

William Hauser, who has been employed in Adam Eppler's meat market for some months past, has gone to Jackson.

A. W. Chapman sold his crop of onions from five acres of land to Dr. G. W. Palmer and realized \$2,000 from the sale.

Mrs. M. L. Boyd was elected treasurer of the County W. C. T. U. Association at the convention held in Manchester Sept. 12-13.

Whitaker & Wacker are having a good call for Black Top rams this year. They have sold several recently at very reasonable prices.

Next week is the big Washtenaw Fair at Ann Arbor, which should be well attended from this vicinity. Half fare rates will be given on the railroads.

Mrs. Mary Schwikerath is going to have the carpenter shop moved from her lot on Congdon street to a lot on Taylor street and converted into a dwelling house.

Christian Eberbach, founder of the Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co., of Ann Arbor, and for 50 years a resident of the city, died at his home there Monday, aged 84 years.

The Herald has received press badges from the managers of the Himoid Festival to be held in Grand Rapids, Oct. 7-12 inclusive, together with a cordial invitation to attend.

Whitaker & Wacker are exhibiting eight fine Black Top rams at the state fair at Pontiac this week. The same animals will be shown at the Washtenaw Fair next week.

The preliminary meeting of St. Mary's Literary Society will be held next Wednesday evening, Oct. 2, at the home of Mrs. J. E. McKuse. All members are requested to be present.

Sunday evening at the Congregational church Miss Annie Bacon will sing "One Sweetly Solemn Thought." Miss Bacon's many friends will be glad to have an opportunity to hear her sing again.

Miss Louise Uphouse, daughter of Mrs. Lambert Uphouse, was married Thursday afternoon to Mr. Walter Blome, at the family home in Sharon. Rev. G. Schoettle, of Manchester, performed the marriage ceremony.

Ann Arbor Argus: Miss Schleicher, of Second street, entertained a few of her friends Friday evening in honor of her neices, Misses Minnie and Bertha Schumacher, of Chelsea, who were spending a few days in the city.

The village council has passed an ordinance that hereafter all sidewalks constructed in Chelsea shall be of cement. The village will have them constructed and will assess the property owners four cents per square foot for them.

Justice Frank Joslyn, of Ypsilanti, on Saturday secured an order from Judge Kiane directing the board of supervisors to show cause why they should not pay \$59 which was disallowed in his account against the county. The date for the hearing is Oct. 7.

There were 43 deaths in Washtenaw county during the month of August, as follows: Ann Arbor city 18 (5 at hospitals); Ypsilanti city 6, Chelsea 2, Manchester 2, Milan 1, Saline 1, Ann Arbor town 1, Augusta 1, Freedom 2, Lima 1, Lodi 1, Pittsfield 1, Salem 1, Scio 3, Webster 1, Ypsilanti town 1.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church will give a poverty social at the parsonage tomorrow (Friday) evening. Fines will be imposed on those who are present in good clothing, and a prize will be given to the person appearing in the most poverty stricken guise. An excellent program will be rendered and refreshments will be served.

The will of the late Dr. Robert McCogan has been filed in the probate court. It gives his wife Isabella C. McCogan, who is named as executor, the use of his estate until his daughter, Marion, becomes of age, for her maintenance and her care and education. When the daughter becomes 21 years of age one-half of the estate is to go to his wife and \$1,500 is to be paid to the daughter; the use of the balance of the half of the estate is to go to the widow during her life and then to his daughter. The will is dated June 11, 1901, and witnessed by G. W. Turnbull, Adam Eppler, and J. S. Cummings, at Chelsea. His daughter Marion is one year of age. The estate is estimated at \$9,000.

Seventy-six tickets to Detroit were sold from this station Sunday.

Lloyd Gifford is now clerking in the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.'s store.

B. Steinbach has purchased Mrs. Hugh Sherry's house on West Middle street, where T. Drislane lives.

H. S. Holmes has sold his house on East Middle street, now occupied by Geo. S. Davis, to James McLaren, jr.

William Baxter, the oldest merchant in Manchester, has retired from business. He had kept store there for 60 years.

Bert Girard has left the employ of the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co. to take a position with Montgomery Ward & Co., of Chicago.

Mrs. Green Johnson moved to Ann Arbor Thursday last, where she will make her home while her son Fred is attending college there.

The equalization by the state tax commission will give the University of Michigan an annual income of \$894,525 from the one-fourth mill tax.

A game of football will be played Saturday next between Chelsea and Ann Arbor elevens. The game will take place on Thos. Monk's field just north of the village.

All the millinery stores in Chelsea have their fall and winter openings this week, and are showing a large variety of unusually pretty headgear for ladies, misses and children.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Taylor, of Mason, Sept. 10, 1901, by Rev. I. Zimmerman, Miss Cora Taylor and Mr. James Way, of Jackson.

Owing to the Epworth League convention Oct. 8 and 9, the reserved seat sale of the People's Popular Course has been changed from Oct. 8 to Friday evening, Oct. 11, at the opera house.

The subject for discussion Sunday in the Business Men's Class of the Congregational church is, "Is the laboring man in the church; if not, why not?" Jabez Bacon will open the discussion.

The annual collection for the orphans last year in St. Mary's church amounted to \$135. The annual orphan report was read and distributed in the church last Sunday. The collection this year will be taken up next Sunday, Sept. 29.

Thirty-five members of the Chelsea Arbeiter Verein went to Detroit Sunday to participate in the golden jubilee of the Detroit Arbeiter Verein, which is the oldest society in Michigan. They took the Chelsea Band along with them to furnish music.

The merchants of Chelsea have again very sensibly decided to close their stores at an early hour during the months from October to April. This will give themselves and their clerks a time for recreation and rest each evening which they surely need. The announcement of the hours appears in another column.

For selling the greatest number of chances on the silver watch which is to be drawn for Oct. 1, in connection with the recent picnic of St. Mary's parish, six little people will be happy. The three girls, Nina Greening, Margaret Martin and Anna Mullen will each receive a gold ring, and the three boys, Leo, Wade, Vincent Burg and Peter Weick each get a watch.

Rev. C. S. Jones is preaching a series of sermons Sunday mornings on the subject "Christ's Messages to Men and Women of our Times." The subjects thus far considered have been "Christ's Message to Society," "The World's Debt to the Poor." The following are the subjects and dates for the remainder of the series: Sept. 29, "Christ and the Men of Wealth"; Oct. 6, "Christ and the Outcast"; Oct. 13, "A Message to those in Authority."

The missions-fest at Rev. J. B. Meister's church at Rogers' Corners last Sunday was very largely attended. Three services were held during the day which was an ideal one for the occasion. The ministers present were Revs. J. Reichert, of Adrian, W. Alber, of Jackson, L. Koelbing, of Dexter, G. J. Schoettle, of Manchester, J. Graber, of Francisco, and A. Schoen, of Chelsea. The latter gentleman preached both morning and afternoon. The offering was about \$90.

Ditchers' Notice.

There still remains to be let over three miles of the Mill Creek extension drain which will be let on Wednesday, Oct. 2, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Sale to take place on the line of drain a short distance north of the village of Chelsea.

D. W. BARRY,

Drain Commissioner.

Last week I went about, Full of trouble and of doubt. Now I'm smiling and dance with delight. I had some Rocky Mountain Tea last night. Glazier & Stimson.

PEOPLE'S WANTS.

DESIRING additional help for the season of 1901-2, which is now on, we can give employment to 100 girls from 19 to 35 years of age. Work is making ladies' muslin underwear with power machines. For full particulars write to STANDARD MFG Co., Jackson, Mich. 9

LOST—Sunday afternoon on the road to Bolinger's corners, south of Jerusalem, or between that place and Frank Davidson's farm in Lima, a chased gold ring with the initials A. A. S. engraved on the inside. Finder return to the Herald office and receive reward.

MAN WANTED—To work on farm. Inquire of J. HUMMEL, Chelsea.

25 CHOICE BLACK TOP RAMS for sale at right prices. W. H. LAIRD & SON. 6

FARM FOR SALE—Or will exchange for Chelsea village property. It is located in Columbia township, Jackson county, half a mile east of Brooklyn, on the Manchester road; contains 134 acres of plow land and 20 acres of timber. For further particulars apply to Lewis Emmer, Chelsea, Mich. 7

OLD NEWSPAPERS—Only 5 cents for a big package to put under carpets or on your pantry shelves, at the Herald office.

JAPANESE Napkins for sale in large or small quantities at the Herald Office.

Puritan

SHOES

The best Shoes sold.

Always \$3.50.

JACOB MAST

Sole Agent.

Other makes from \$1.00 to \$2.50.

THE SAME

Meat Market,



BUT

A New Firm,

of the same men who have attended to your trade for some time past and are now better prepared than ever to furnish you with the finest

Fresh, Salt & Smoked

Meats, Sausages,

Pure Kettle Rendered

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Give us a call we will treat you right. Chelsea Telephone connection.

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MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address: THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscriptions to The Patent Record \$1.00 per annum.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Mortality Record.

There were only 2,672 deaths returned to the secretary of state for the month of August, corresponding to a death rate of 13.1 per 1,000 population. This is an unusually low mortality for August, the number of deaths returned being nearly 300 less than the number returned for August, 1900. Owing to the absence of extreme heat during the greater portion of the month the deaths of infants under one year of age, 646, were not as numerous as usual, although they constituted over 25 per cent. of the total deaths. There were 210 deaths of children aged one to four years, inclusive, and 615 deaths of persons over 65 years of age.

Dates for Fairs.

County and other fairs will be held as follows in Michigan:
 Imlay City fair, Imlay City, October 2-4; Allegan county fair, Allegan, October 2-5; Calhoun county fair, Marshall, October 8-11; market fair, Brighton, October 16-18; Cass City fair, October 1-4; Sebawaing fair, Sebawaing, October 1-4; Elkton fair, Elkton, October 8-11; North Branch fair, North Branch, October 9-11; Hillsdale county fair, Hillsdale, September 30-October 4; district fair, Ionia, October 2-4; South Ottawa and West Allegan fair, Holland, October 1-4; Bay county street fair, Gladwin, October 1-2; Delta county fair, Escanaba, October 1-3; Gratiot county fair, Ithaca, October 1-4; street fair, Mason, October 1-4; Barry county fair, Hastings, October 8-11; Washenaw county fair, Ann Arbor, October 1-4; Bancroft fair, Bancroft, October 1-4.

First in Years.

The first murder in Mecosta county in several years occurred in a remote settlement in Deerfield township, Henry C. Nowlan, of Morley, had a quarrel with Hibbard Helms about a piece of property and Nowlan shot him between the eyes. Death followed immediately. Nowlan walked to the residence of the nearest constable and gave himself up and is now in jail. He is 56 years old, and has a wife and family. Helms lived near Rustford, was about the same age, and leaves a family.

Killed in a Wreck.

Three men were killed and one probably fatally hurt at Wayne, a small place about 12 miles west of Detroit, as the result of a freight wreck on the Pere Marquette railroad. The dead are: Charles De Long, Bay City; George Leopold, Bay City; J. W. Sweeney, Toledo, O. The injured man is Lemuel McNay, residence unknown. He is badly crushed and may die. The men, it is supposed, were stealing a ride.

Disaster at a Fair.

Seven people were hurt, one probably fatally, by reason of the collapse of a Ferris wheel at the Genesee county fair grounds in Flint. The wheel was loaded with 16 people when it crashed to the ground. The injured are Fred Boardman, Ionia, will probably die; little son and daughter of Rev. C. A. Lippincott; Bessie Weeks, Bertha Beck and Alice Knight, all of Flint, and Joseph De Paire, of Chicago.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from 74 observers in various portions of the state indicate that pleuritis and pneumonia increased and cholera morbus and smallpox decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 167 places, measles at 8, typhoid fever at 114, scarlet fever at 61, diphtheria at 32, whooping cough at 8, cerebro-spinal meningitis at 2 and smallpox at 21 places.

Finest Exhibit.

"The Michigan horticultural exhibit at the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo has the finest display of peaches ever on exhibition at any time without exception," says George H. Barbour, president of the state commission, and four medals have been given to the display; one for the general display, one for the commercial display, one for peaches and one for plums.

Rescued from the Lake.

After having been tossed about on Lake Huron for over two days without food, and wet to the skin, W. D. Ragan, owner of the schooner Jupiter, which became waterlogged in Saginaw bay Sunday, was rescued by a fishing tug off Loyal island, near Port Huron. He was lashed to a raft and unconscious. Three companions were drowned.

Bodies Found.

While a wreck was being cleared away that occurred a week ago on the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad the bodies of three men were found. One was evidently a tramp who had been stealing a ride, and the other two are supposed to be the remains of two section men who have been missing for some days.

News Briefly Stated.

Robbers took \$150 from the post office at South Lyons.
 The tin plate mill of the trust in Muskegon has resumed work, 500 men returning to work.
 Gov. Bliss and staff and other state officials went to Canton to attend the funeral of President McKinley.
 Hugh Flynn, aged 24 years, of Grand Rapids, fell from a train at Roberts, Ill. and was instantly killed.

THE FAMOUS LOOP.

Witness in the Schley Inquiry Tells of its Effect on the Battleship Texas.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The part played by the battleship Texas in the naval battle off Santiago July 3, 1898, in which the Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera was sunk, was the basis of the greater part of Monday's proceedings in the Schley naval court of inquiry. Of the four witnesses examined during the day, three had been officers on board the Texas during the battle and two of them were new witnesses. These were Commander George C. Heiner, who was navigator on the Texas, and Commander Alex B. Bates, who was the chief engineer on that battleship. Commander Harber, executive officer and the chief surviving officer of the ship since the death of Capt. Philip, was recalled. The fourth witness was Commander Seaton Schroeder, executive officer on the Massachusetts and now governor of the island of Guam.

The testimony several times during the day was somewhat exciting, and it was especially so when Commander Heiner described the battle and the part the Texas had taken in it. He said that when the Brooklyn made its loop at the beginning of the battle it had passed across the Texas' bow at a distance not to exceed 100 or 150 yards, and that at the command of Capt. Philip the Texas had been brought to a dead stop. Engineer Bates testified that the starboard engines had been stopped and said he thought this also happened to the port engines. Commander Heiner expressed the opinion that three miles

RECIPROCITY WITH CUBA.

Treaty to be Negotiated with Island and Sent to Congress Early in December.

Washington, Sept. 24.—As a result of several conferences between President Roosevelt and Gen. Wood, governor general of Cuba, it has been determined to negotiate a reciprocity agreement between the United States and the island, the agreement to be sent to congress early in December. Cereals and machinery from the United States will enter Cuba at reduced rates and sugar and tobacco will be the principal Cuban products affected by the agreement.

Gen. Wood has been urging early action in order that the present crop of Cuba may be benefited, and he will return in November with the object of having the reciprocity agreement sent to congress as soon as it assembles in December. His determination to act quickly was reached after several conferences with President Roosevelt.

Havana, Sept. 24.—A letter has been received from Estrada Palma in reply to the minutes of the meeting of the notables held here on August 2, in which the notables split on the question whether candidates for the presidency should declare in favor of a revision of the Platt amendment. The letter was read at another meeting Monday, and was adopted by a vote of 23 to 2, after due consideration, and it was decided to issue a manifesto recommending Senor Palma as a candidate. This means that he will have the support of the principal revolutionists.

In his letter Senor Palma divides

INSANE ASYLUM BURNED.

State Institution at Norfolk, Neb., Destroyed by Fire—Three of Inmates Are Missing.

Norfolk, Neb., Sept. 24.—The state insane asylum and adjacent buildings, eight in all, were destroyed by fire which started at five o'clock Monday morning. Six hundred patients were in the institution at the time, three of whom are missing and supposed to have been burned to death. The loss is almost total. The patients are now quartered in an open field and are guarded by local authorities until they can be sent to the Lincoln and Hastings asylums.

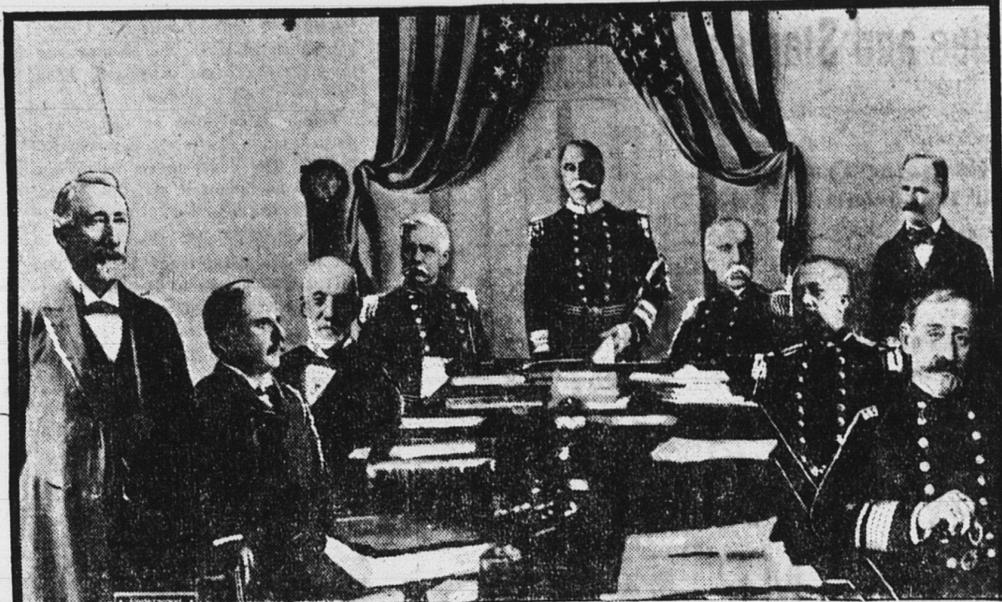
All the books and valuable papers and the asylum records were carried from the building and saved intact. A considerable amount of furniture was also carried from the building, but the attendants lost all their clothing. Nearly all the patients were taken from the burning structure in their night clothing and suffered more or less from the chill air. About 250 were taken to Lincoln and placed in the asylum at that place. The remainder of the patients will be housed in the buildings that are still in condition for use. The loss is now conservatively placed at \$250,000.

SAMPSON RELIEVED.

Admiral Asks to be Given a Rest on Account of Ill Health and It is Granted.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Rear Admiral Sampson has requested the navy department to relieve him of his present duty as commandant of the Boston navy yard on October 1 on account of

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY AS AT PRESENT CONSTITUTED.



WILSON. HAYSON. PARKER. BENHAM. DEWEY. BARSEY. LEMLEY. HANNA. SCHLEY. Copyright, 1901, by D. M. CLINEDEST, Washington, D. C.

had been lost by this maneuver and the fact that part of the machinery was deranged. He said he considered that the Texas was in greater danger when the Brooklyn crossed her bow than at any other time during the battle. The witness' description of the battle follows:

"The Texas had been heading about east when the enemy was seen coming out of Santiago. Lieut. Bristol, who was officer of the deck at the time, rang to go ahead full speed and put helm hard to starboard to make a turn.

"When I got on deck he informed me of what had happened and I sent him below and assumed charge of the deck. The captain told me that he had eased their helm until he could find out which way the ships were going, and he also rang half-speed. I suggested full speed. He said the battery was not ready. I told him it would be ready before the ship was in position to fire, and then he said: 'All right,' and rang full speed. When the second of the enemy's ships followed the first to the westward, he put the helm hard to starboard. I made several reports to him about the Brooklyn regarding her signals. He said: 'Never mind.' I also referred to the way I thought the Brooklyn was standing up to fight—very nicely. The captain said: 'Oh, crackle! Never mind the Brooklyn. You look out for this ship.' The Brooklyn then was about on her port beam. So I said: 'All right, captain. I will look at the Brooklyn no more,' and I turned my back, looking on the starboard beam at the ships getting out. After we sheered around and got to the westward I suggested to give her a little port helm to get closer in, and he did. Right after he gave her this helm he sang out through the sight hole to the men at the wheel and at the engine room indicator to slow, then stop, and I said: 'Captain, they will all get away from us.'

"He did not answer me, but immediately stepped back, and then I said: 'My Lord, captain, we are out of the fight.' He said: 'Look at the Brooklyn!' I turned around, and right ahead of us this big gray ship loomed out of the smoke. For a second I thought my heart was in my mouth. We were steaming with a heavy helm and she steered by us. When I saw her she was practically ahead of us. That is the first I saw. She sheered off and went to sea, I should say about 2,000 yards, and then on to westward. As soon as the Brooklyn cleared us we rang to go ahead, and started up forced draft again. After that we simply followed on as fast as we could on a line that was just inside the line where the Oregon was engaging the ships. Just before this turn of the Brooklyn the Iowa and the Oregon were both close to us on the starboard helm. We continued the chase until the Colon hauled down her flag, when the captain gave the order to stop forced draft."

his programme into four heads: First, a commercial treaty with the United States, which, he says, should be made as soon as possible, so as to favor Cuban products, especially sugar, but he adds that Cuba for some years will need the income from customs, and care must therefore be exercised in making a treaty with the United States.

The second part of his programme is devoted to finances. The government of the island, he says, must carefully examine into all the available assets and reliable resources of income and adjust its expenditure accordingly.

In the third portion he urges strict economy in finances and gradual wiping out of the debt.

In the fourth part of his programme Senor Palma recommends a treaty of relations with the United States. In making this the Cuban government should take care that the Platt amendment is interpreted in the sense most favorable to the interests of Cuba and to her sovereignty and independence. The Cuban government should try to obtain in the treaty a clear definition of the circumstances under which the United States would intervene in order that the Cubans may know exactly where they stand.

SHOCKING CRIME.

Enraged and Jealous Husband Stabs His Wife Fatally at Menominee, Mich.

Menominee, Mich., Sept. 24.—A shocking wife murder occurred at midnight in the northern part of the city. Joseph Detlaff, a Pole, aged about 40, murderously attacked his wife, who ran into the street, where she was fatally stabbed by her husband. Her abdomen was cut open and she had two bad cuts in the breast; back and her arms were slashed in a horrible manner. The man fled and was captured by the sheriff's posse in a swamp. He is now in jail, and threats of lynching are freely made. The woman is in the hospital dying. Jealousy is said to have been the cause of the trouble. The woman is the mother of seven children.

the bad condition of his health. Secretary Long has granted the request.

Rear Admiral Mortimer L. Johnson, commandant of the Port Royal naval station, will assume command of the Boston yard on October 1.

Admiral Sampson will retire by age limit February 9, 1902. He could retire before that, if he wished, under the 40 years' service clause, on his own request, or he could apply for retirement to take effect immediately, on account of poor health. However, as naval officers generally take pride in serving out their full term, it is probable that an extended leave of absence will keep Admiral Sampson on the active list until the ninth of February.

A SAD TRAGEDY.

Little Boy Falls with Trigger of a Gun—His Mother is Killed as a Result.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 24.—Mrs. J. J. Gies, of this city, was instantly killed late Monday by the accidental discharge of a shotgun, the charge blowing off the left side of her head. Mrs. Gies, with her little five-year-old son and three adults were returning to the city in a conveyance from a nutting trip in the country. A gun had been taken along for the purpose of shooting squirrels. During the ride home, the little boy, it is supposed, began playing with the trigger of the gun, and the gun went off suddenly, the shot striking the mother in the left side of her head. The coroner's verdict was accidental death.

Again Visits Her Dead.

Canton, O., Sept. 24.—For the third day in succession Mrs. McKinley took two drives Monday. The first one was to the cemetery, where she and Mrs. Barber and Dr. Rixey again entered the vault to look at the casket containing all that remains of the devoted husband. The afternoon ride was the longest yet taken and was along country roads in quest of the purest and freshest air. The day was a delightful one, warm and bright, and just such as was desired, for such outdoor treatment is considered beneficial.

VALUE OF THE STATE.

Worth of Each County in Michigan as Equalized by the State Board of Equalization.

The equalized valuation of the state, as determined by the state board of equalization, is \$1,578,100,000, as compared with \$1,105,100,000, as equalized five years ago. This is an increase of \$473,000,000. As compared with the total value as assessed this year it is an increase of \$349,467,309, while it is a decrease of \$122,170,108 from the cash value as fixed by the state tax commission. Inasmuch as the revenue of the University of Michigan is fixed by law at one-fourth of a mill on the equalized value of the state, that institution, which is now receiving \$276,275 per year, will hereafter have an annual revenue of \$394,525. The following is the value of each county as equalized by the state board of equalization:

Alcona	1,300,000	Lapeer	14,500,000
Alcona	3,100,000	Leelanaw	2,700,000
Alcona	21,000,000	Lenawee	24,000,000
Alcona	5,800,000	Livingston	16,000,000
Antrim	6,500,000	Lapeer	16,000,000
Arenac	2,100,000	Macomb	25,500,000
Baraga	2,700,000	Manistee	13,000,000
Barry	15,000,000	Marquette	20,000,000
Bay	32,000,000	Mecosta	7,500,000
Benzie	3,200,000	Meridian	12,500,000
Berrien	30,000,000	Midland	4,500,000
Branch	19,500,000	Missaukee	3,000,000
Calhoun	37,000,000	Monroe	20,500,000
Cass	15,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Charlevoix	4,200,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Cheboygan	4,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Chippewa	12,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Clare	2,200,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Crawford	1,200,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Clinton	20,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Delta	9,400,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Dickinson	11,200,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Eaton	15,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Emmet	8,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Genesee	29,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Gladwin	2,100,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Gogebie	14,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
G'd T'v'ise	9,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Gratiot	15,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Hillsdale	21,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Houghton	140,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Huron	13,400,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Ingham	27,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Ionia	21,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Iosco	1,800,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Iron	6,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Isabella	7,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Jackson	30,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Kalam'zoo	30,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Kalkaska	3,500,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Kent	30,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Kew'naw	4,000,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
Lake	1,400,000	Montcalm	13,000,000
		Totals	\$1,578,100,000

A SHREWD MOVE.

A Man at Menominee Secures Title to Valuable Land That Others Thought Was Theirs.

C. J. Huebel, a Menominee man, recently secured possession of 2,400 acres of land in Menominee county by a bit of shrewdness. The land had been transferred to several parties at different times, but Mr. Huebel looked up the records regarding it, and found that there was an incomplete sheriff's deed dated back some years ago. He followed this up and succeeded in completing the deed and had the transfer made to himself. The land is now in his name and his title to it is said to be well-nigh perfect. As a result all the transfers made after the sheriff's deed are null and void. Several Menominee real estate men thought they had a title to different parcels of the land, and there are also several valuable farms located on it. By virtue of the sheriff's deed Mr. Huebel is now the owner and he can dictate terms. It is said that his transaction can net him as high as \$30,000 or \$40,000.

DESTROYS PROPERTY.

A Farmer in Schoolcraft County Stands Off His Neighbors and Burns Barn and House.

A farmer named Lupton, living near Germfask, Schoolcraft county, armed with a shotgun, stood off his neighbors while all of his property was destroyed by fire. Then he fled to the woods, where he was captured. Lupton, who has a wife and family, became angered at something and busied himself for an entire day in hauling everything he possessed into his large barn. The barn contained 100 tons of hay, and on top of this he piled farm implements, household furniture and vehicles. Then he locked in the cattle and horses and applied a match.

When the barn was burning beyond hope of rescue. Lupton, waving back his neighbors with the shotgun, set fire to his dwelling and it was soon consumed. He was concealed in a haystack at the edge of the timber when captured.

Copper in the Street.

The statement so often heard, that money can be picked up in the streets comes as near realization in the copper country town of Laurim as it is apt to anywhere. The trench for a big trunk sewer is now being dug, and in the work it is necessary to do much blasting. For several days past copper has been showing in the rock taken out, and it is doubtful whether there are half a dozen mines in the copper country which can show rock any richer in the red metal than do these specimens found in the trench.

Sudden Insanity.

A woman about 40 years old and giving her name as Emma Smith and her home as Chicago, sought employment at the London chop house in Escanaba, run by E. C. Hoffmaster. She was employed and was all right until the other night when she went insane and tried to kill her employers. She also threw dishes and bottles through the glass front of the place, and did over \$100 damage before the officers arrived.

H. S. Holmes, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres.
J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. DeGole, asst. cash'r.
—No. 202—
THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK,
CAPITAL, \$40,000.
Commercial and Savings Departments. Money
to loan on first class security.
Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H.
Kempf, E. S. Armstrong, C. Klein, E. Vogel,
Geo. A. DeGole.

Wm. J. Knapp, pres. Thos. S. Sears, vice pres.
Theo. E. Wood, asst. cashier.
Chelsea Savings Bank
Capital, \$50,000.00
Surplus and Profits, \$13,904.35
Commercial and Savings Departments.
Three per cent interest paid on savings pass
books and time certificates.

DIRECTORS: W. J. Knapp, F. P. Glazier, Thos. S. Sears, G.
W. Palmer, J. L. Babcock, Wm. P. Schenk,
H. M. Woods, J. B. Gates, V. D. Hindelang.

DENTISTRY.
Having had 13 years' experience I am pre-
pared to do all kinds of dental work in a care-
ful and thorough manner, and as reasonable as
first class work can be done. There is nothing
known in the dental art but that we can do for
you, and we have a local anesthetic for extract-
ing that has no equal. Special attention given
to children's teeth.
H. H. AVERY, Dentist.
Office over Raftery's Tailor Shop.

G. E. HATHAWAY,
Graduate in Dentistry.
A trial will convince you that we have a
local anesthetic for extraction which is A. 1.
Ask those who have tried it.
Office over Kempf Bank, Chelsea, Mich.

H. D. WITHERELL,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law
Conveyancing and all other legal work
promptly attended to.
Office over Bank Drug Store, Chelsea.

S. G. BUSH,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and
7 to 8 p. m.
Office in Hatch block. Residence on
South street, next to A. A. VanTye's.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician and Surgeon.
Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat
eye and ear.
Office Hours—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office
over Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

G. W. PALMER,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office over Raftery's Tailor Store, East
Middle Street.

S. A. MAPES & CO.,
**Funeral Directors
and Embalmers.**
Fine Funeral Furnishings.
Chelsea Phone No. 5. CHELSEA, MICH

**O LIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. &
A. M.**
Regular Meetings for 1901
Jan. 1 and 29, March 5, April 2 and 30,
May 28, June 25, July 30, August 27, Sept.
24, Oct. 22, Nov. 19. Annual meeting
and election of officers Dec. 24.
THEO. E. WOOD, Secretary.

CHELSEA CAMP, No. 7338,
Modern Woodmen of America,
Meets the first and third Monday of each
month at the Foresters' Hall.

GEO. EDER,
The Parlor Barber Shop.
Good work and close attention to busi-
ness is my motto. With this in view, I
hope to secure, at least, part of your
patronage.

5 PER CENT INTEREST
Paid on deposits in amounts of \$20.00 and
multiples thereof.
For particulars enquire of
B. PARKER.

HAVE YOU
Curtains, Table Covers, Counterpanes,
Pillow Shams, Blankets or Rugs you wish
laundered? We guarantee all work.
The Chelsea Steam Laundry.
Bath tickets—good for six baths—\$1.00.



GEO. E. DAVIS,
Everybody's Auctioneer.
Headquarters at THE CHELSEA HERALD
office. Auction bills furnished free.
Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

PERSONALS.

Miss Elizabeth Kusch will visit rela-
tives in Clinton next week.
Anton Moeller, of Detroit, spent Mon-
day with friends in Chelsea.
F. D. Lane, of Chicago, is visiting his
sister, Mrs. S. G. Bush, this week.
Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Alber, of Jackson,
are guests at St. Paul's parsonage.
Mrs. Joseph Wilson, of Grass Lake,
visited friends in Chelsea Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. James Way, of Jackson,
spent Sunday with relatives in Chelsea.
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Heim, of Sylvan,
are visiting the Pan-American this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schafer and child-
ren left yesterday to visit the state fair at
Pontiac.

Rev. C. S. Jones was in Ann Arbor
Monday visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs.
N. B. Jones.
Chas. Miller, of Jackson, visited his
parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Miller, of
Lyndon, Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. George Hindelang went to
Munith Saturday afternoon and spent
Sunday with her parents.
James E. Burke, of Northfield, was in
Chelsea a couple of days this week, the
guest of Tommy McNamara.

B. B. TurnBull has returned home
from Detroit and will again enter his
father's office and practice law.
Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Wood returned
home from a trip to Syracuse, Buffalo and
other points Tuesday morning.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Mapes, of Stockbridge,
spent Tuesday and Wednesday with their
nephew, S. A. Mapes, and family.
Mrs. Stotenbur, of Durand, niece of
Mrs. August Neuberger and her sister-in-
law, Mrs. James Prendergast and son, of
Chicago, are now visiting their relatives
in Chelsea.

Geo. Miller, of Chicago, returned home
Sunday evening after spending a three
weeks' vacation with his parents, Mr.
and Mrs. Geo. Miller, of Lyndon, and
other relatives and friends.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schumacher and
the Misses Minnie and Bertha Schu-
macher, Lilly Foster and Mrs. Iza Downer
were guests at the wedding of Miss
Norine Haight to Mr. Louis Albert
Krause, at Ann Arbor, Wednesday even-
ing of last week.

Mothers write us that they have solved
the problem of keeping their children
well. Give them Rocky Mountain Tea
each week. A blessing to mother and
child. Glazier & Stimson.

Lima.
C. L. Hawley spent Tuesday in Ann
Arbor.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wright spent Tues-
day in Manchester.
Arthur Volland, of Ann Arbor, is vis-
iting at John Grau's.
Mrs. Ella Eaton has been spending a
few days in Detroit.

Misses Eva and Amanda Luick left
Monday for Buffalo.
F. G. Stabler, of Cooperville, visited
relatives here Sunday.
Estella Guerin and Verna Hawley spent
Tuesday in Ann Arbor.
Mrs. Hattie Bradley, from Battle Creek,
is visiting at T. Morse's.
Arl. Guerin and John Grau, jr., spent
Saturday in Ann Arbor.
Orla Wood has gone to Chicago to at-
tend the medical college.
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schanz,
Sept. 22, a 10 pound girl.

The League cleared \$680 at their ice
cream social Friday night.
Geo. H. Mitchell, of Chicago, called
on old friends here last week.
The masons will finish the brick work
on the power house this week.
Mrs. A. J. Stedman, of Ann Arbor,
visited at Irving Storms' Friday.
Theo. Wetman, of Fruitport, Mich.,
visited at Jacob Hinderer's last week.
Mrs. Adam Goetz and children, of
Sylvan, visited at Otto Goetz's Sunday.
Conrad Schantz, jr., and family, of
Chelsea, visited Michael Schanz, jr., Sun-
day.

Mrs. Mort. Yakley and children, of
Chelsea, visited at Theo. Covert's last
week.
Mrs. Prudden, of Mt. Pleasant, who is
visiting at John Chipman's, is ill with
neuralgia.
Rev. J. H. McIntosh will preach at the
M. E. church here next Sunday, Sept. 29,
at 2:30 p. m.
Miss Helena Steinbach, of Chelsea,
spent last week with her aunt, Mrs. Her-
man Fletcher.

Charles Hanchett, from Jackson, has
been spending a few days with Mrs. O. B.
Guerin and family.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

For the Late Lamented President, William
McKinley.
Memorial services for the late President
McKinley were held at the town hall last
Thursday at 2:30 p. m. During the time
the services were being held the church
bells tolled at half minute intervals, and
the schools, factories, post office and busi-
ness places were closed. President F. P.
Glazier presided over the meeting which
was largely attended.

The exercises opened with music by the
Band, followed by the male quartette,
Geo. Ward, Louis Burg, John Eiseuman
and Floyd Ward, who sang "Nearer, My
God to Thee." The scripture lesson was
read by Rev. F. A. Siles, and prayer was
offered by Rev. J. I. Nickerson. Miss
Margaret B. Nickerson and Mr. Hughes
then sang the President's favorite hymn
"Lead, Kindly Light." Mr. Welemeyer
then delivered the funeral address which
was a finished and touching tribute to the
late President as a politician, statesman,
orator and man. The quartette then sang
"America," and Rev. W. P. Conside
pronounced the benediction. The ser-
vices concluded with a selection by the
Band.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

[OFFICIAL]
Chelsea, Mich., Sept. 18, 1901.
Board met in regular session.
Meeting called to order by the president.
Roll called by the clerk.
Present, F. P. Glazier, president, and
trustees Burkhardt, Schenk, Lehman, J.
Bacon and McKune. Absent, Snyder.
Minutes read and approved.
Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by Schenk,
that the following bills be allowed and
orders drawn for amounts. Carried.
Ed. Chandler, draying, \$18 80
Gregory Electric Co., Iron pulley 7 57
Chicago Boiler Cleaner Co., sup-
plies, 5 66
James Walker & Son, supplies, 17 29
Henry Worthington, supplies for
pump, 36 25
R. Williamson & Co., shades, etc., 13 45
Ann Arbor Argus, advertising, 81
E. J. Corbett, 3 cars coal, 86 37
W. Self, 1 1/2 days on street, 5 25
J. McLaren, 2 1/2 days on street, 8 75
H. Ives, 2 1/2 days on street, 8 75
F. Taylor, 1 day on street, 3 50
M. C. R. Co., freight, 61 62
John Rickets, unloading coal, 1 75
C. Currier, 7 1/2 days, 11 25
Ed. Moore, 3 days, 4 50
James Geddes, 7 1/2 days, 11 25
W. Sumner, 4 1/2 days, 6 75
Harry Shaver, 3 days on street, 4 50
M. Grant, 1/2 day on boiler, 1 75
James Geddes, 6 days on ditch, 9 00
W. Sumner, 6 days on ditch, 9 00
Ed. Moore, 6 days on ditch, 9 00
C. Currier, 5 1/2 days on ditch, 8 25
J. F. Maier, 1/2 month salary, 30 00
J. M. Woods, 1/2 month salary, 20 00
M. Lighthall, 1/2 month salary, 20 00
Sam Trouten, 1/2 month salary, 20 00
David Alber, 1/2 month salary, 20 00
F. Mensing, 8 days, 12 00
W. Sumner, 4 days, 6 00
Petition of Mrs. Anna C. Page was
then read.
Moved by Schenk, seconded by Leh-
man, that the petition of Anna C. Page
be referred to the village attorney.
Yeas—Bacon, Burkhardt, Schenk, Leh-
man and McKune. Nays—None. Car-
ried.
On motion board adjourned.
W. H. HESLSCHWERDT, Clerk.

A Night of Terror.
"A awful anxiety was felt for the widow
of the brave General Burnham, of Mach-
ias, Me., when the doctors said she would
die from pneumonia before morning,"
writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended
her that fearful night, but she begged for
Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more
than once saved her life, and cured
her of consumption. After taking she
slept all night. Further use entirely cured
her." This marvellous medicine is guar-
anteed to cure all throat, chest and lung
diseases. Only 50c and \$1. Trial bottles
free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store

Michigan Central Excursions.
On account of the meeting of the grand
chapter Eastern Star at Grand Rapids,
Oct. 9 and 10, round trip tickets will be
sold Oct. 8 and 9, good to return Oct. 11,
for one single first class fare.
Saturday, Sept. 28, is railroad day at the
Pan-American. Return tickets good for
five days will be sold Sept. 27, for \$8.15.
Commencing Aug. 20, 1901, the sale of
tickets is authorized to Buffalo and return
as follows: Fifteen days, including day of
sale, \$9.65; 20 days, including day of sale,
\$11.55; 30 days, including day of sale,
\$14.95. Stopovers will be allowed at
Niagara Falls on going or returning
journey within limit of Pan-American
tickets to Buffalo, but not exceeding ten
days, upon deposit with depot ticket agent
at Niagara Falls, immediately upon ar-
rival there.

Notice to Hunters.
No hunting, trapping or trespassing is
allowed on my farm in the township of
Sylvan.
GEO. T. ENGLISH.

BLOOD DISEASE CURED.
If you ever contracted any Blood or Private Disease, you are never safe until the
virus or poison has been eradicated from the system. Don't be satisfied with a
"patch up" by some family doctor. Our New Method is Guaranteed to
Cure or No Pay. No Names Used without Written Consent.
Cured When all Else Failed
"Could I live my early life over, this testimonial would not be
necessary, though I was no more sinful than thousands of other
young men. Early indiscretions, later excesses, exposure to
contagious diseases all helped to break down my system. When
I commenced to realize my condition I was almost frantic. Doctor
after doctor treated me but only gave me relief—not a cure. Hot
Springs helped me, but did not cure me. The symptoms always
returned. Mercury and Potash drove the poison into my system
instead of driving it out. I bless the day your New Method
Treatment was recommended to me. I investigated who you
were first, and finding you had over 25 years' experience and re-
sponsible financially, I gave you my case under a guarantee.
You cured me permanently, and in six years there has not been a
sore, pain, ulcer or any other symptom of the blood disease."
25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured. M. A. COXLEY.
We treat and cure Varicose, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Stricture,
Impotency, Secret Drains, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.
Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.
DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN,
146 SHELBY STREET, DETROIT, MICH.

Lenawee County Fair,
AT ADRIAN,
September 23d-27th, 1901.
This is a Great and Popular People's Fair.
Over 35,000 Square Feet of Exhibition Floorage.
No Empty Space, no Barren Walls.
All who have attended once will surely go again.
**All who have never been go this year and see for
yourselves.**

Half Rates on All Railroads
Enquire of your Local Railroad Agent about
time of trains.

Electric Lights for Farmers.
James D. Hawks, S. F. Angus and
others, of Detroit, have formed the "City
and Suburban Light, Heat & Power Co."
with a capital stock of \$1,000,000. Ac-
cording to the promoters it will furnish
electric light and power to the towns of
Dearborn, Wayne, Ypsilanti, Saline, Ann
Arbor and Chelsea, Jackson and the towns
between Jackson and Coldwater and Jack-
son and Lansing, including the latter.
One unique feature of the plan is that the
company will furnish electric light and
power to any of the farmers living along
the lines between the towns mentioned,
and will do so at a cost that will enable a
large majority of the farmers to avail
themselves of the privilege and use electric
lights instead of oil lamps. The company
will also be in a position to furnish the
farmers with small motors for grinding of
their feed, pumping water and other light
tasks, and this at a cost which will make
it worth their while to substitute it for the
power they are now using or to install it
where they have no power for this pur-
pose.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time table taking effect July 11, 1901.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.
Passenger trains on the Michigan Cen-
tral Railroad will leave Chelsea station as
follows:
GOING EAST.
No 8—Detroit Night Express.. 5:20 A.M.
No 36—Atlantic Express..... 7:15 A.M.
No 12—Grand Rapids Express.. 10:40 A.M.
No 6—Mail and Express..... 3:15 P.M.
GOING WEST.
No 3—Mail and Express..... 9:15 A.M.
No 13—Grand Rapids Express.. 6:20 P.M.
No 7—Chicago Night Express.. 10:20 P.M.
No 87 will stop at Chelsea for passen-
gers getting on at Detroit or east of
Detroit.
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger
and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

RAND-MENALLY
OFFICIAL
RAILWAY GUIDE
25 CENTS
166 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO.

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culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a
month, \$4 a quarter, \$10 a year in advance.
MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

**Ann Arbor Railroad Makes Sturgeon Bay,
Wis., a Regular Station for Its Car
Ferries.**
The Ann Arbor Railroad Car-Ferries
are now making regular stops at Sturgeon
Bay. Steamer leaves Frankfort Monday,
Wednesday and Friday at 9:30 a. m.,
Sturgeon Bay at 3:30 p. m., and arrives at
Menominee at 5:30 p. m.
Going east steamer leaves Menominee
same day at 11:30 p. m., Sturgeon Bay
at 1:30 a. m., and arrives at Frankfort the
following morning at 7:30 a. m.
Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

**CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS**
Beware of
Counterfeits. Refuse all
Substitutes.
Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for
CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and
Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon.
Take no other. Refuse dangerous substi-
tutes and imitations. Buy of your Druggist,
or send 2c. in Stamps for Particulars, Testi-
monials and "Bellef for Ladies." Letter
by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by
all Druggists.
CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.,
2100 Madison Square, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Mention this paper.

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The market is being flooded
with worthless imitations of
ROCKY MOUNTAIN
...TEA...
To protect the public we call
special attention to our trade
mark, printed on every pack-
age. Demand the genuine.
For Sale by all Druggists.

Shropshire Rams
FOR SALE.
I have some choice ones at the
right price. Call and see them at
Fairview Farm, 1 1/2 miles south of
Chelsea, on Manchester road. Or
call up Chelsea phone line 5 for full
particulars.

GEO. T. ENGLISH
HEADACHE
DR. MILES'
ANTI-
PAIN PILLS
At all drug stores. 25 Cents.